AGE UK EXETER

Controlled Document

Document Name: Disciplinary & Capability Procedure

Version Number: 2

Agreed by Risk and Quality Committee: 25.03.25

Approved by Board of Trustees on: 22.04.25

Review Schedule: Every three years

Next review due: April 2028

Owner (Responsibility): Chief Executive Officer

Amendments to: Governance Officer

Revision History: See end of document

Document location: www.ageuk.org.uk/exeter/about-us/policiesandguidelines/

Document Description

This document sets out the procedures which will be followed when dealing with allegations of misconduct or poor performance.

Implementation & Quality Assurance

Implementation is immediate and this framework shall stay in force until any alterations are agreed.

The policy will be reviewed every year by the Board of Trustees, sooner if legislation, best practice, or other circumstances indicate this is necessary.

All aspects of this document shall be open to review at any time. If you have any comments or suggestions on its content, please contact the Chief Executive Officer at info@ageukexeter.org.uk

Disciplinary and capability procedure

1. About this procedure

This procedure is intended to help maintain standards of conduct and performance and to ensure fairness and consistency when dealing with allegations of misconduct or poor performance.

Minor conduct or performance issues can usually be resolved informally with your line manager. This procedure sets out formal steps to be taken if the matter is more serious or cannot be resolved informally.

This procedure applies to all employees regardless of length of service. It does not apply to agency workers or self-employed contractors.

This procedure does not form part of any employee's contract of employment, and we may amend it at any time.

2. Investigations

Before any disciplinary hearing is held, the matter will be investigated. Any meetings and discussions as part of an investigation are solely for the purpose of fact-finding and no disciplinary action will be taken without a disciplinary hearing.

In some cases of alleged misconduct, we may need to suspend you from work, with pay, while we carry out the investigation or disciplinary procedure (or both). While suspended, you should not visit our premises or contact any of our clients, customers, suppliers, contractors or staff, unless authorised to do so. Suspension is not considered to be disciplinary action.

3. The hearing

We will give you written notice of the hearing, including sufficient information about the alleged misconduct or poor performance and its possible consequences to enable you to prepare. You will normally be given copies of relevant documents and witness statements.

You may be accompanied at the hearing by a trade union representative or a colleague, who will be allowed reasonable paid time off to act as your companion.

You should let us know as early as possible if there are any relevant witnesses you would like to attend the hearing or any documents or other evidence you wish to be considered.

We will inform you in writing of our decision, usually within one week of the hearing.

4. Disciplinary action and dismissal

The usual penalties for misconduct or poor performance are:

Stage 1: First written warning or improvement note. Where there are no other active written warnings or improvement notes on your disciplinary record, you will usually receive a first written warning or improvement note. It will usually remain active for six months.

Stage 2: Final written warning. In case of further misconduct or failure to improve where there is an active first written warning or improvement note on your record, you will usually receive a final written warning. This may also be used without a first written warning or improvement note for serious cases of misconduct or poor performance. The warning will usually remain active for 12 months.

Stage 3: Dismissal or other action. You may be dismissed for further misconduct or failure to improve where there is an active final written warning on your record, or for any act of gross misconduct. Examples of gross misconduct are given below (section 6). You may also be dismissed without a warning for any act of misconduct or unsatisfactory performance during your probationary period.

We may consider other sanctions short of dismissal, including demotion or redeployment to another role (where permitted by your contract), and/or extension of a final written warning with a further review period.

Grounds for Dismissal

Staff are advised that there are five grounds for dismissal. These are as follows:

- (a) The employee's conduct
- (b) The capability or qualifications of the employee for performing work of the kind he or she was employed to do (this includes sickness).
- (c) A legal restriction making continued employment impossible
- (d) Redundancy
- (e) Some other substantial reason justifying the dismissal of an employee from that position

5. Appeals

You may appeal in writing to the CEO within one week of being told of the decision.

The appeal hearing will, where possible, be held by someone senior to or other than the person who held the original hearing. You may bring a colleague or trade union representative with you to the appeal hearing.

We will inform you in writing of our final decision as soon as possible, usually within one week of the appeal hearing. There is no further right of appeal.

6. Gross misconduct

Gross misconduct will usually result in dismissal without warning, with no notice or payment in lieu of notice (summary dismissal).

The following are examples of matters that are normally regarded as gross misconduct:

- a) theft or fraud.
- b) physical violence or bullying.
- c) deliberate and serious damage to property.
- d) serious misuse of the organisation's property or name.
- e) deliberately accessing internet sites containing pornographic, offensive or obscene material.
- f) serious insubordination.
- g) unlawful discrimination or harassment.
- h) bringing the organisation into serious disrepute.
- i) serious incapability at work brought on by alcohol or illegal drugs.
- j) causing loss, damage or injury through serious negligence.
- k) a serious breach of health and safety rules.
- Serious neglect of duties, or a serious or deliberate breach of your contract or operating procedures.
- m) a serious breach of confidence.

This list is intended as a guide and is not exhaustive.

7. Reporting obligations

Age UK Exeter can make a referral to the Disclosure and Barring Service (DBS) if they consider someone has harmed or poses a risk of harm to children or adults and satisfies the conditions of the harm test. See Making barring referrals to the DBS - GOV.UK for more information.

Revision History

Revision date	Summary of Changes	Other Comments
30.12.2021	New document using the HR	Approved by the Board of
	Express template provided. This	Trustees 10 February
	document replaces POL37. No	2022.
	changes to the original policy	
	other than its name from	Next review due January
	Disciplinary Procedures to	2025
	Disciplinary and Capability	
	Procedures	
29.01.25	Formatting and administrative	
	changes to highlight current	
	processes. Section 7 adapted as	
	it referred to the Independent	
	Safeguarding Authority which is	

now DBS. We do not have a legal duty to report to them as we are not a regulated provider of care, but best practice would be	
to refer, following government and legal advice.	