

Password Management

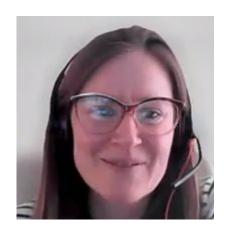
Age UK Tech Break

12pm, Friday May 2nd, 2025

Every first Friday on the month

Zoom link click here (same link every month)

AgeUK Tech Break (since 2018)







In case this is your first Age UK Tech Break

- The Age UK Tech Break is an informal Zoom webinar with a monthly theme related to technology. The themes are shared in the AgeUK newsletter.
- 2. You can **suggest themes** for future sessions based on what you think will be useful to you and others.
- 3. **Ask questions** at any time use the chat or raise your "Zoom hand" too. This is helpful as people oftentimes have similar questions.
- 4. **Every first Friday of the month** at 12pm always with the <u>same</u> <u>link</u>. You can attend from a laptop or tablet or mobile but the slides will be easier to see on a bigger screen.
- 5. The **slides are emailed** to you after the session.



Agenda



- 1 Basic password hygiene
- 2 Longer passwords are stronger
- 3 Complex passwords are stronger
- 4 Passphrase approach
- 5 Check your password with a checker
- 6 Enable 2 factor authentication
- 7 Using a password manager
- 8 Different types of password managers

Basic password hygiene

- Exclude any numbers of phrases connected to your identity, such as your name, address, phone number, email or notable dates.
- Try not to use the same password for all sites.
- Do not email or whatsapp passwords to other people. Email and WhatsApp are secure forms of communication but other people's devices may not be secure.
- Do not enter your passwords on other people's devices.



Think of your password like a key. A longer key is much harder for someone to copy or guess.

Aim for at least 12 letters, numbers, or symbols. The longer, the better!



Using a mix of different things makes your password much harder to guess.

Include capital letters, small letters, numbers (0-9), and symbols (!@£\$%).



The best passwords are long and easy for you to remember.

Take a memorable sentence or phrase or song lyric e.g. 'I love a cup of tea with 2 sugars in the morning!'

Use the first letter of each word: Ilacotw2sitm!



Check your password with a checker

Use the website https://passwordmeter.com/ to check the strength of your passwords ideas.

You want something that scores highly (60%+) but is also easy to remember.

The Password Meter



Enable 2 factor authentication (2FA)



2FA is a very important extra layer of security. It means even if someone does get your password, they still can't get in without a second step, like a code sent to your mobile phone.

Using a password manager

Trying to remember a different, strong password for every website is impossible!

A password manager is a secure app or program that stores all your passwords safely for you.

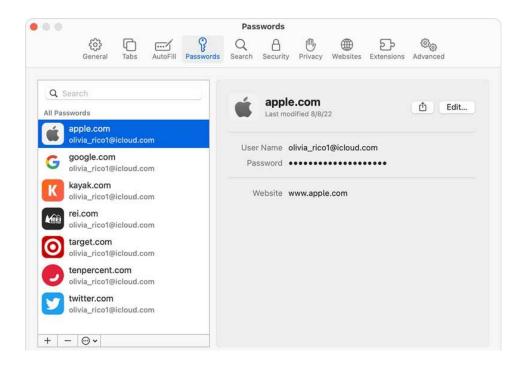
You only need to remember one master password to unlock it.

Website	Example very strong unique password
Facebook	uT4mrZ#dUh%5e3C5%Z
Amazon	E5A%69!RZ8fty@e@Ra
Natwest	*K8#6oV72mE2Q!n9S!
	•••

Apple has a password manager on iOS 18

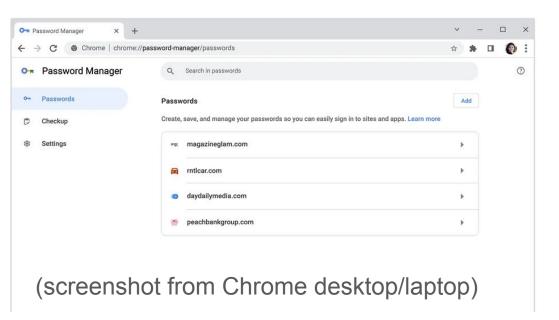


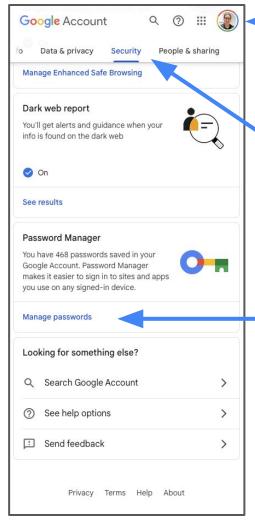
If you don't have iOS 18 you can still manage your passwords in Safari > Settings



Google/Android has a built in password manager

Google's password manager syncs with Google Chrome.





1. Go to My Google Account

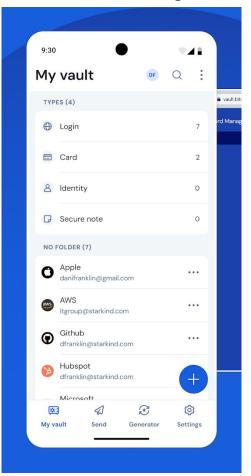
2. Click on Security

3. Click on Manage passwords

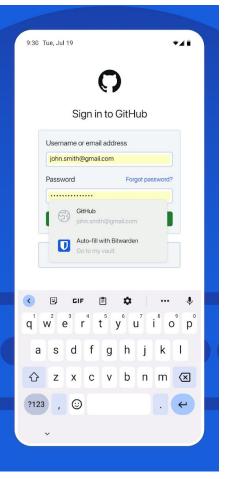
Bitwarden is a good password manager app

Most apps will work for free up to a limit. Bitwarden works for free with unlimited passwords across unlimited devices.

Password storing

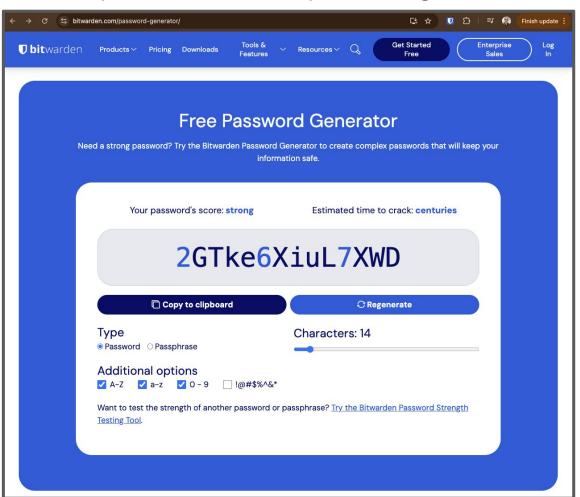


Password filling



Bitwarden offers a free password generator

https://bitwarden.com/password-generator/



Agenda



- 1 Basic password hygiene
- 2 Longer passwords are stronger
- 3 Complex passwords are stronger
- 4 Passphrase approach
- 5 Check your password with a checker
- 6 Enable 2 factor authentication
- 7 Using a password manager
- 8 Different types of password managers

Q&A



Next Session: Using Images in ChatGPT



12pm, June 6th 2025

Every first Friday on the month

Zoom link click here (same link every month):



Appendix (older slides)

Bad Password Examples

Bad Password	
Password1	
TomHardy1963	
Incomprehensible	
1nc0mprehen\$ible	
Ess_ex	

Why is it bad?	
Too common	
Knowable	
In the dictionary	
Common substitutions	
Too short	

A strong password structure if you only need one pw

Example from Tom: E!p3sonE!lbaE!iffel

- Three meaningful (to you) uncommon words with one or more of the words not in a dictionary
 - Epson is the brand name of Tom's printer
 - Elba is Tom's favourite holiday destination
 - Tom proposed to his wife under the Eiffel tower
- At least one number and one symbol inserted within the words (not between) and in positions that can be remembered
 - 3 is in the third position
 - Exclamation mark begins with E so it's after every E

It's better to not use the same password everywhere

Website	Password
Facebook	kE!p3sonE!lbaE!iffelf
Amazon	nE!p3sonE!lbaE!iffela
Natwest	tE!p3sonE!lbaE!iffeln

- Tom added to the structure a rule based on the website name in order not to use the same password everywhere.
- His rule is to take the last letter of the website and put it at the start of the password and take the first letter of the website and put it at the end of the password

Ideally use a password manager

Website	Password
Facebook	uT4mrZ#dUh%5e3C5%Z
Amazon	E5A%69!RZ8fty@e@Ra
Natwest	*K8#6oV72mE2Q!n9S!

Password managers can:

- Generate and store unbreakable passwords for many websites
- Keep your passwords secure even from their employees
- Autofill passwords website
- Synchronise your passwords across devices
- Have free plans that may provide all the features that you need

There are many available Password Managers









- The examples above all provide the basic functions on the free plan
- I use the free plan from Bitwarden which you can install from your app store or by going to www.bitwarden.com
- Password Managers are password protected themselves (a "master password")
 so the strong password structure we covered earlier will still be useful.
- Biometric options (e.g. Fingerprint log-in, FaceID) also provide added security if your device supports that feature.