

Safeguarding Policy

Age UK North West Kent and its Trustees believes that service users must be safeguarded from all forms of abuse. It recognises that it must at all times protect its service users from the risk of abuse and identify and deal with specific instances of abuse if they occur.

Age UK North West Kent is always aiming for the very best quality of care and will not be satisfied with anything that falls short of this. It takes every possible action to prevent abuse and to deal with it as promptly and effectively as possible if it occurs.

Aim of the Policy

The central aim of the safeguarding policy is to set out for all relevant parties - the:

- principles and values underlying the charity's approach to the safeguarding of its service users
- · ways in which Age UK North West Kent does this
- steps taken to avoid abuse taking place
- actions taken to deal with abuse if it occurs.
- Legislation

Age UK North West Kent seeks to work in line with local safeguarding authority policies and procedures and guidance from the Care Quality Commission (CQC). It recognises the importance of national guidance such as that contained in *No Secrets* (Department of Health), and seeks to comply in all respects with current safeguarding legislation and regulations.

Age UK North West Kent recognises that service users who lack mental capacity are particularly vulnerable to abuse and exploitation. It is accordingly mindful of the need to follow the principles and practice guidance that has accompanied the Mental Capacity Act 2005. These apply particularly to investigations of possible abuse in which it is important to seek means of ascertaining the experiences and views of any victim or indeed alleged perpetrator who might lack capacity, e.g. by seeking the services of independent advocates.

Defining Abuse

Age UK North West Kent recognises that abuse of service users may take the following forms:

- physical abuse
- financial or material abuse
- psychological abuse
- sexual abuse
- neglect
- discriminatory abuse
- self-harm
- inhuman or degrading treatment

• inappropriate or excessive restraint and other forms of organisational abuse.

Identifying Abusers

Age UK North West Kent accepts that abuse can be committed by a range of possible people. It therefore accepts its responsibility to protect the people who use our services from possible abuse from all sources, which include:

- the staff and management of the organisation
- volunteers.
- visiting health and social care practitioners and other official visitors
- service users' friends and relatives
- people who have contact with service users while they are temporarily outside the premises
- other service users.

The Role and Accountability of Staff in Relation to Abuse

Age UK North West Kent insists that all its staff have a responsibility to:

- provide service users with the best possible care
- desist from any abusive action in relation to service users
- report anything they witness which is or might be abusive
- co-operate in every possible way in any investigation into alleged abuse
- participate in training activities relating to abuse and protection.

Age UK North West Kent requires its managers to take responsibility for:

- developing the systems and structures within which it is possible to deliver the best possible care
- encouraging a culture and ethos for the charity that is hostile to any sort of abuse
- producing and regularly revising the policies and procedures to combat abuse
- operating personnel policies which identify, appropriately deal with and if necessary exclude from practice potential or actual abusers
- providing training for staff in all aspects of abuse and protection
- investigating any evidence of abuse speedily and sympathetically
- implementing improvements to procedures if an investigation into abuse reveals deficiencies in the way in which the charity operates
- collaborating with all other relevant agencies in combating abuse and improving the protection of service users.

Recruitment Practices

Age UK North West Kent takes great care in the recruitment of staff, carries out all possible checks on recruits to ensure that they are of a high standard, and co-operates in all initiatives regarding the sharing of information on care workers who are found to be unsuitable to work with vulnerable people. Age UK North West Kent ensures that new employees are checked through the DBS Disclosure and Barring Service checks.

Preventing Abuse from Occurring

Age UK North West Kent is committed to taking all possible steps to prevent abuse from occurring including:

- setting out and making widely known the procedures for responding to suspicions or evidence of abuse
- operating personnel policies which ensure that all potential staff are rigorously checked, by the taking up of references and clearance through DBS checks and the ISA's barring list with equivalent checks for staff employed from overseas
- incorporating material relevant to abuse into staff training at all levels
- maintaining vigilance concerning the possibility of abuse of service users from whatever source
- encouraging among staff, service users and all other stakeholders a climate of openness and awareness that makes it possible to pass on concerns about behaviour that might be abusive or that might lead to abuse
- devising systems that minimise the risk of abuse of service users by other service users by understanding and dealing appropriately with any form of aggression
- maintaining robust procedures for regulating any contact the staff of the charity need to have with service users' property, money or financial affairs
- communicating concerns to the appropriate officers of the local Safeguarding (Protection of Vulnerable Adults) Authority, and Care Quality Commission in line with current policies and authoritative professional guidance
- helping service users as far as possible to avoid or control situations or relationships that would make them vulnerable to abuse.

Identifying Actual or Possible Abuse

Age UK North West Kent aims to identify any instances of actual or possible abuse involving our service users by all possible means including:

- fostering an open and trusting communication structure so that staff, service users and others feel able to discuss their concerns with someone authorised to take action
- ensuring that all staff and service users know whom they may turn to for advice and action if they become aware or suspect that abuse is occurring

- encouraging staff to recognise that a commitment to the highest possible standards of care must, when necessary, overrule loyalty to colleagues individually or corporately
- making it clear to staff that failing to report incidents or suspicions of abuse is itself abusive and may lead to disciplinary or criminal proceedings
- operating systems of management, supervision, internal inspection and quality control that have the potential to reveal abuse where it exists.

Procedures for When Abuse has Occurred or is Alleged to Have Occurred

If abuse is clearly occurring or is alleged to have occurred, the charity takes swift action to limit the damage to service users and to deal with the abuse, as follows.

Initial Procedures

- A staff member who witnesses a situation in which a service user is in actual or imminent danger must use their judgment as to the best way to stop what is happening without further damage to anyone involved including themselves, either by immediately intervening personally or by summoning help.
- Any staff to whom actual or suspected abuse is reported usually the manager or a senior staff member — must immediately take any further action necessary to provide protection, support or additional care to a service user who has been harmed.
- The senior staff member or manager (or whoever has authority at the time) must without delay alert the local safeguarding unit and follow its procedures and guidance from that point on. This will usually involve a strategy meeting and an action plan to be implemented from the strategy meeting.
- In some instances the Chief Executive Officer/Registered Manager might need to report the matter directly to the police and take guidance from them on the measures to be taken.
- The Chief Executive Officer/Registered Manager must take steps to ensure that there is no further risk of the victim being abused by the alleged or suspected perpetrator.
- The Chief Executive Officer/Registered Manager must ensure that the needs of the alleged victim of the abuse for any special or additional care, support or protection or for checks on health or wellbeing are met at the outset and subsequently throughout the proceedings.
- If the alleged abuser is a staff member and there is sufficient evidence that abuse has or might have occurred, the Chief Executive Officer/Registered Manager will suspend the person from duty pending the outcome of a disciplinary investigation. The manager will receive guidance on the steps to be taken following the local safeguarding authority strategy meeting, which will be held following the reporting of the abuse or suspected abuse. In cases of this kind involving staff members, the Board of Trustees will be immediately informed, who then may have to discharge their responsibilities and duties under Safeguarding with the Charity Commission.

If the evidence is insufficiently strong to warrant suspension the staff
member against whom the allegation has been made will be instructed
not to have further unsupervised contact with any service users until the
matter is resolved.

Investigating Alleged Abuse

In many cases an investigation will be carried out or led by a member of an external agency in line with the action plan determined by the initial strategy meeting convened by the local safeguarding authority. If a staff member is expected to carry out an investigation the following guidance should be followed.

- For Age UK North West Kent the 'Kent and Medway Safeguarding Vulnerable Adults' team are the organisation to contact. This charity has a strong link to the Social Services Safeguarding team who can be contacted on 03000 41 61 61 for Adult Safeguarding or via social.services@kent.gov.uk. The out of hours emergency contact number is 0300 41 91 91
- An appointed investigating officer will usually consult the person who may have been abused to hear their account of what has occurred and their views about what action should be taken, involving the service user's relatives, friends or representatives if that is appropriate and in line with the wishes of the service user.
- The investigating officer is expected to take the following into account in his or her conducting of the investigation:
 - the fears and sensitivity of the abused person
 - any risks of intimidation or reprisals
 - the need to protect and support witnesses
 - any confidentiality or data protection issues
 - the possible involvement of other agencies, including the police, local safeguarding team and the CQC
 - the obligation to keep the abused person and in specific instances the alleged perpetrator on the progress of the investigation.
- The investigating officer will assure the person who may have been abused that they will be taken seriously, that the comments will as far as possible be treated confidentially, that they will be protected from reprisals and intimidation, and that they will be kept informed of actions taken and of the outcome.
- The investigating officer will consider whether the service user needs independent help or representation in presenting their evidence and, in conjunction with the Chief Executive Officer/Registered Manager if necessary, will arrange for the appropriate help or support to be made available.
- If the abused person expressly states a wish that no further action should be taken, the investigating officer will consider whether:
 - a danger to others exists from not investigating further
 - in the light of that assessment it is possible to follow the person's wishes

- in any case precautionary measures should be taken to protect others from the possibility of abuse from the same source.

The person will be informed of what is to happen.

- If it is decided that an investigation should proceed, the investigating
 officer will, as discreetly and confidentially as possible, look into all
 aspects of the situation.
- The investigation will include interviewing the staff involved in the incident up to that point, hearing and assessing evidence from any others who might be in a position to supply information, exploring every other possible source of evidence, maintaining appropriate contact with any other agencies involved, and if necessary seeking expert advice on any technical aspects of the situation which are outside the knowledge or expertise available within the organisation.
- Any staff from whom evidence is taken will be assured that they will be dealt with in a fair and equitable manner and informed of their employment, legal and procedural rights.
- The alleged victim of the abuse, and where appropriate their relatives, friends or representatives, will at all times be kept as fully informed as possible of what is happening regarding the suspected abuse.
- The investigation will be carried out as quickly as possible and the findings presented to the local safeguarding strategy group, which will then decide what further action to take.

Following the Investigation

- If it seems from the investigation that on the balance of probabilities abuse did indeed take place, the Chief Executive Officer/Registered Manager will, if the abuser is a staff member, initiate and carry through proceedings according to the charity's disciplinary policy or, if the abuser is not a member of staff, take action to involve other responsible bodies.
- If abuse is proved against a staff member, the Chief Executive
 Officer/Registered Manager will initiate appropriate action, which most
 likely will be dismissal and referral to the Independent Safeguarding
 Authority.
- Other employment sanctions could apply depending on whether there
 might have been mitigating or extenuating circumstances. In some cases
 retraining could be appropriate.
- The service user or representatives will be informed of the outcome of the investigation and any further action and will be consulted about whether any redress or apology would be appropriate and helpful to them.
- The Chief Executive Officer/Registered Manager will take appropriate steps to inform the Independent Safeguarding Authority (see above for contact details) for possible inclusion of the person on its barring lists as someone who is unsuitable to work again with vulnerable adults and possibly children.
- At all stages of the process, a careful record will be kept of all action taken, paying particular attention to the sensitivity of the abused person.

Planning Further Action

At the end of an incident involving possible or actual abuse, Trustees should review what has happened with a view to assessing whether Age UK North West Kent or its management has been in any way culpable, ineffective or negligent, learning lessons for the way the charity should operate in the future, and passing on any appropriate information to other agencies.

If necessary Age UK North West Kent's policies, procedures and training arrangements should be modified in response to any material that has emerged from the incident or the investigation. Age UK North West Kent might carry this out with advice and guidance from the local safeguarding authority.

Contacts and Sources of Assistance

List here the names and contact details of:

- the Local Authority Safeguarding Authority Unit (including emergency contact telephone numbers) For Age UK North West Kent the 'Kent and Medway Safeguarding Vulnerable Adults' team are the organisation to contact. This charity has a strong link to the Social Services Safeguarding team who can be contacted on 03000 41 61 61 for Adult Safeguarding or via social.services@kent.gov.uk. The out of hours emergency contact number is 0300 41 91 91
- the Care Quality Commission Office

You can contact the CQC at their England based National Customer Service Centre:

Telephone: 03000 616161 Fax: 03000 616171 Or write to

CQC National Customer Service Centre

Citygate
Gallowgate
Newcastle upon Tyne
NE1 4PA

- the police dial 999 for emergencies or 01622 690 690. Kent Police HQ, Sutton Road, Maidstone, Kent ME15 9BZ
- advocacy and victim support services (Age UK North West Kent has its own independent professional advocate who is experienced in Safegaurading issues. Go to the website www.ageuk.org.uk/northwestkent for contact details.)
- any medical practitioners who might be needed
- other relevant voluntary organisations that could be of help, e.g. Age UK.

Record Keeping

Age UK North West Kent ensures that all details associated with allegations of abuse are recorded clearly and accurately. The records are kept securely and Age UK North West Kent's policies on confidentiality are carefully followed. Reports are made as required to the Care Quality Commission and other safeguarding agencies involved.

Referrals to ISA Barring Lists

Age UK North West Kent always complies with its legal requirement to refer a care worker, where it has evidence that the staff member in question has been guilty of misconduct by harming or putting at risk a vulnerable adult (or child), during the course of their work, to the ISA's barring lists following the procedures issued by the ISA.

Related Policies

This policy should be read in conjunction with the several other policies of the charity that relate to aspects of abuse or protection of service users. They include the policies on complaints, physical restraint, the management of service users' money and financial affairs, recruitment, induction, staff development and training, staff supervision and importantly whistleblowing. The policy on mental capacity will also be relevant in some circumstances.

Training

All staff receive training in recognising abuse and carrying out their responsibilities under this policy as part of their induction programme in accordance with 2010 Common Induction Standard 6: "Principles of Safeguarding in Health and Social Care" and within 12 weeks of their employment.

All staff are expected to receive further training to ensure that they are familiar with the local authority's safeguarding of vulnerable adults policies.

Content for the Public

What are my rights?

- Everyone has the right to live their life free from violence, fear and abuse.
- Everyone has a right to be respected by other people.
- Everyone has a right to make choices about their life and things that affect them.



- Everyone has a right to live in safety.
- You have these rights whoever you are. It doesn't matter if you are an older person, or disabled person, or ill.
- You still have these rights.

What is abuse?

- Abuse is when someone does or says something to you which makes you upset or scared.
- Abuse is when someone tries to take away your rights.
- You may be afraid to say something to them to try and stop them.



Sometimes a person doesn't realise that they are scaring you.

Some people abuse others on purpose.

Any abuse is wrong.

Who might be at risk of abuse?

This leaflet is about adults. This means people who are aged 18 or older.



Some adults might be more at risk of abuse than others.

There could be different reasons for this:

• They are elderly or frail.



- They have learning disabilities.
- They have mental health problems.



• They have physical disabilities.



- They have sight or hearing loss.
- They have dementia and might be confused or forgetful.



• They are very ill.



 They are not able to stop someone else from hurting them or taking advantage of them



They depend on someone else to look after them.

Different types of abuse

Physical abuse



Where someone physically hurts you. This can be:

- hitting
- kicking
- pulling hair
- pinching, scratching, shaking
- giving someone too much or not enough medicine

Sexual abuse



Someone making you do sexual things that might make you sad, angry or frightened. This can be:

- Being touched when you do not want to be
- Being made to touch other people when you do not want to
- Undressing or having sex when you don't want to
- Being made to watch or say sexual things when you don't want to

Emotional Abuse



When someone says things to you that hurt your feelings or scare you.

This can be:

- Calling you names
- Threatening you
- Laughing at you
- Treating you like a child
- Not letting you spend time with other people, or go out
- Ignoring you

Financial Abuse



When someone takes your money or things. This can be:

- Stealing your money or things
- Making you buy something you don't want to buy



- Using your money to pay for their things
- When you don't have a choice in how your money is spent
- When someone tells you that you have to give them your money or your home

Neglect



Not giving you things that you need. This can be:

- Not having your prescribed medicine when you need it
- Not being taken to the doctor if you are ill
- Being cold a lot of the time
- Being hungry a lot
- Only having dirty clothes to wear
- Not having your equipment when you need it (like hearing aids, walking frames, wheelchairs)

Discrimination



When people are treating you unfairly because you are different. This could be:

- Because of the colour of your skin
- Because of your religion
- Because of your sex



- Because of your age
- Because of your disability
- Because of your language



• If you are lesbian or gay

Who could abuse you?



- Anyone.
- Most people will not abuse you.

Where could someone abuse you?



Abuse could happen anywhere

- In your home
- At a day centre or college
- At work



- In a hospital
- In a care home
- At a club
- Outside

Who can I tell if someone is abusing me?

- Tell someone you trust.
- Tell them as soon as you can.



Your family



A friend



- A nurse
- A doctor



- A social worker
- A carer at your care home, or day centre, or in your home.
- A religious leader.
- Someone from a charity, like Age UK North West Kent, or Mencap, or Mind.



- A lecturer or someone at your college
- A care inspector from the Care Quality Commission
- The police

What happens next?



- The person you tell will listen to you carefully
- They will make sure an official person knows.
- Someone who will take action to help you.

What will the official person do?



- They will listen to you carefully
- They will help you stay safe
- They will find out more
- They will ask you what you would like to happen
- They will give you help and support
- They will help you stop the abuse happening
- They will make sure no-one will treat you badly because you said you were being abused.